



RIII Review III (Units 7–10)

CLASS _____ NO. _____ NAME _____

SCORE



I. 詞彙選擇 (20%)

- _____ 1. The poor little child, who had been _____ by her parents, was found wandering the streets alone.
(A) abandoned (B) sought (C) traced (D) praised
- _____ 2. The _____ government decided to build a new hospital to help care for the sick.
(A) genuine (B) local (C) persuasive (D) armed
- _____ 3. It is reported that _____ meals can gain weight. You had better not skip a meal again.
(A) offensive (B) irregular (C) poisonous (D) nearby
- _____ 4. The _____ for the strike of the flight attendants was their lower salary and long working hours.
(A) border (B) curtain (C) channel (D) spark
- _____ 5. It is a nice _____ to invite your classmates to your birthday party.
(A) ingredient (B) quotation (C) declaration (D) gesture
- _____ 6. Frank finally fulfilled his lifelong _____ to run his own restaurant in Paris.
(A) equipment (B) amusement (C) ambition (D) shelter
- _____ 7. The shy girl refused to _____ her hold on her father's arm in front of the stranger.
(A) surround (B) release (C) glimpse (D) claim
- _____ 8. The suspect arrested in the murder case _____ on her innocence. She kept saying that she didn't kill the driver.
(A) insisted (B) assured (C) captured (D) retained
- _____ 9. Being famous for its beautiful beaches, Okinawa is full of _____ in the summer.
(A) lungs (B) economies (C) promises (D) tourists
- _____ 10. Many people in African countries are suffering from hunger because of the food _____.
(A) crisis (B) slogan (C) bunch (D) switch

flight attendant 空服員

II. 綜合測驗 (20%)

(A) Most of us cannot really imagine life in a refugee camp. Tens of thousands of families live in very crowded conditions, _____ 11 _____ by fences. Food is given out in small amounts. There is no work for the adults and no school for the children.

There are many difficult problems in these camps. Refugees need more food and clothing, and their children want to receive education. Refugees _____ 12 _____ great hardship in their home countries in the past. They often have serious health problems. _____ 13 _____, these refugees need medical treatment. Many volunteers in refugee camps try hard to _____ 14 _____ the needs of people in difficult situations.

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With courage and determination, many refugees devote themselves to _____ 15 _____ a place to settle in another country. All they want is to leave the refugee camps and start a new life in a new land as soon as possible.

- _____ 11. (A) and surrounded (B) surrounded (C) which surrounded (D) surrounding
_____ 12. (A) could have experienced (B) have been experiencing
(C) could experience (D) were experiencing
_____ 13. (A) Therefore (B) Nonetheless (C) Otherwise (D) Instead
_____ 14. (A) pass on (B) set off (C) take root in (D) cater for
_____ 15. (A) be finding (B) found (C) finding (D) find

(B) Apollo, the god of music and the sun, features in many Greek myths. Apollo was proud. He said that he was more powerful than all the other _____ 16 _____, including Eros, the god of love. _____ 17 _____ this, Eros was angry and made Apollo fall in love with Daphne, a beautiful nymph.

However, the Greek myth about Apollo and Daphne is not a love story, for Eros made Daphne dislike Apollo. As a result, Apollo pursued Daphne, _____ 18 _____ be rejected. Daphne ran from Apollo as he continued to follow her. Eventually, Daphne had no choice but to _____ 19 _____ her father, the river god, for help. The river god turned her into a laurel tree. This was the sacrifice Daphne had to make to escape Apollo.

The story of Apollo and Daphne shows _____ 20 _____ aggressive men express their attitudes toward women in western societies. However, it seems that it needs to take some time to achieve the balance between men and women.

- _____ 16. (A) god (B) a god (C) the gods (D) gods
_____ 17. (A) To be Known (B) Known (C) Knowing (D) To know
_____ 18. (A) only to (B) along with (C) rather than (D) due to
_____ 19. (A) run off (B) think through (C) turn to (D) call off
_____ 20. (A) where (B) how (C) what (D) when

nymph 仙女 laurel tree 月桂樹

III. 文意選擇 (20%)

Despite progress toward equality between the sexes, a major inequality remains. On average, men still receive more pay than women do for work of equal value. In fact, many factors _____ 21 _____ to this social phenomenon known as the “pay gap.”

Women's contribution to their families and society cannot be _____ 22 _____. They not only care for children but also look after elderly parents. Many women face tough decisions about jobs and home responsibilities. They even have difficulty _____ 23 _____ their duties. Some employers may be reluctant to _____ 24 _____ women jobs, for they worry female employees will quit their jobs after they have babies.

In terms of employment numbers, men still _____ 25 _____ high-paying fields like medicine, law, and investment banking. This is not because women aren't _____ 26 _____, but rather because they face invisible obstacles.

Fortunately, experts in economics and human resources have come up with _____ 27 _____ to solving the

problem. For instance, flexible schedules allow women to settle the 28 between work and childcare responsibilities. Besides, work-from-home arrangements can provide 29 help for working mothers. Large companies can also provide on-site nurseries and kindergartens for their employees.

Even though it’s 30 that the pay gap will disappear soon, we should work together to narrow the gap. After all, men and women are created equal.

(A) overlooked	(B) fulfilling	(C) approaches	(D) practical	(E) dominate
(F) ambitious	(G) offer	(H) conflict	(I) doubtful	(J) contribute

21. _____
22. _____
23. _____
24. _____
25. _____
26. _____
27. _____
28. _____
29. _____
30. _____


四、閱讀測驗 (16%)

In India, Diwali, the festival of lights is popular around the country. Beautiful lights shine across India during the celebrations. Nevertheless, this festival causes serious air pollution. During Diwali, the air becomes so polluted that most Indians have to use indoor air purifiers to help them breathe properly.

During Diwali, firecrackers and lights create a remarkable sight. However, these celebration activities have serious consequences. The ingredients in firecrackers have an impact on the air quality. Whenever someone lights up firecrackers, harmful chemicals are released into the air. This leads to serious health problems, especially for those with asthma as well as the elderly and children. Also, the waste from the firecrackers causes garbage pollution if it is not recycled correctly.

Experts say that Indians need to change the way they celebrate Diwali and avoid using firecrackers altogether. However, it is hard to break habits and traditions. If people decide to use firecrackers, they are advised to use green firecrackers that are made out of recycled papers. These firecrackers are not as loud, and they don’t have **noxious** chemicals.

The celebration of Diwali comes at a cost to the environment and people’s health. For the welfare of the future generations, Diwali should be celebrated in a more eco-friendly way without leaving harmful chemicals behind.

 celebratory 慶祝的 air purifier 空氣清淨機
asthma 氣喘 welfare 幸福

31. What is the main purpose of the passage?
(A) To raise awareness about important traditional festivals.
(B) To point out the environmental impacts of a major festival.
(C) To introduce a new way to solve air pollution.
(D) To prove that firecrackers can cause air, garbage, and noise pollution.
32. According to the passage, which statement is true?
(A) Burning recycled firecrackers won’t cause air pollution.
(B) Indians will not be allowed to use firecrackers during Diwali.

- (C) The chemicals in the firecrackers can lead to air pollution.
(D) It is easy for people to change their attitude towards traditions and habits.

33. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word “**noxious**” in the third paragraph?
(A) Nervous. (B) Ordinary. (C) Poisonous. (D) Hollow.
34. What is the main purpose of the fourth paragraph?
(A) To describe why Diwali is no longer an important festival in India.
(B) To explain that Indians should change the way they celebrate Diwali.
(C) To claim that it is important that Indians deal with light pollution.
(D) To tell Indian farmers they should avoid using harmful chemicals.

V. 寫作測驗 (24%)

(A) 引導式翻譯

35. 這位化學老師要求我們的期末報告應該包含引言和實驗結果。(2%)
The chemistry teacher requested that our final term paper should _____ the introduction and the result of the experiments.
36. 這棟古老的大教堂意外燒毀，致使政府開始致力於這棟歷史建築的修復。(8%)
This ancient cathedral _____ accidentally, prompting the government to start _____ the restoration of the historic building.


(B) 合併及改寫句子

37. It is said that the Internet is the Pandora’s box of our time. (2%)
→ The Internet _____.
38. { The thief should be fined 30 thousand dollars.
The judge demanded it. (請用 The judge demanded . . . 合併兩句。)(4%)

(C) 整句式翻譯

39. 我昨晚應該認真讀書，但我突然在書桌前打瞌睡。(4%)

40. Linda 無法跟朋友們去旅行，除非她請媽媽照顧寵物狗。(4%)

 cathedral 大教堂 restoration 修復

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