

tor

Human vvar				
a Disput	e Among Gods			
O.	NAME			

SCORE

CLASS

\	
一、字彙填充 (30	%)
1. 7	The unsolved de over the land led to the long-standing conflict between the
t	wo countries.
2. J	apan has achieved great success in economic development in spite of its dt in
7	Vorld War II.
	Kent knows how to talk his customers into buying kitchen items. He's very p as a salesperson.
	The actress said in public that she would retire from acting. Her dn o etirement shocked many fans.
	The couple had a bitter ql because neither of them was willing to accept the other's view.
	im felt relaxed after the doctor aed him that the tumor found in his body was narmless.
	The government's strong objection to people's appeal for civil rights sked a treet protest.
8. 7 p	To avoid doing the housework, the younger sister acted as if she had a headache and ded to be sick.
	The police were all ad with weapons when they were trying to attack a criminal gang.
	We seek advice from people with experience and knowledge because their wn an guide us through our lives.
二、綜合測驗 (10	tumor 腫塊,腫瘤
In the myths	of the ancient Greeks, the gods and goddesses were powerful and immortal bu
sometimes behave	d childishly. They 11 behaved well 11 intended to set a good example

Fights often 12 when gods had relationships with mortals, even though they were married.

Zeus, the king of the gods, often ordered that other gods or mortals 13 as he said. But when he was defied, which was often the case, he would become furious and turn whoever 14 him into animals or worse. Zeus was married to his sister Hera. He had only one child with his wife but many children with other goddesses or mortals. The child of a god and a mortal was a demigod. Many of the heroes of the Greek myths were demigods, including Hercules, Perseus and Theseus. 15 that the stories of the gods are not meant to show the right way to behave. Perhaps these tales of Greek gods re (半神)

flect the irrational behavior of those in power.	defy 違抗 demigod 半人
11. (A) would rather than(B) either or	(C) not only but also (D) neither nor

	12. (A) went out	(B) broke out	(C) t turned out	(D) ran out				
	_ 13. (A) did	$(\mathbf{B}) d\mathbf{o}$	(C) were to do	(D) could do				
	_ 14. (A) quoted	(B) promised	(C) offended	(D) fulfilled				
	_ 15. (A) It seems	(B) They seem	(C) There seems	(D) What seems				
≡、	文法選擇 (10%)							
	16 the fact that n	nobile payments are qui	ck and convenient, man	y customers still prefer to				
	pay in cash.							
	(A) Although	(B) Whatever	(C) Despite	(D) Regardless				
	17. When accused of lying, Dan insisted that everything he said true.							
	(A) was	(B) be	(C) being	(D) to be				
	_ 18. Three goddesses fou	ght for a golden apple i	marked " For the Faires	t," the seeds of a				
	war among humans.							
	(A) sowed	(B) sowing	(C) thus sowed	(D) this sowed				
19. An asteroid hit the Earth millions of years ago this incident that led to the extinction								
	of dinosaurs.							
	(A) There was	(B) It was	(C) Which was	(D) What was				
	20. The teacher her students complete a survey to help her learn about their reading habits.							
	(A) prompted	(B) left	(C) commanded	(D) had asteroid 小行星)				
				3 132)				

四、閱讀測驗 (12%)

Among their many gods and goddesses, the ancient Greeks worshipped Athena as the goddess of wisdom and war. Athena was a daughter of Zeus and was his favorite among his many children. The legend surrounding her birth contains several peculiar details. Athena had no mother and she was never a baby. Instead, the story goes that she sprang directly from Zeus' forehead as a fully-grown woman. When she popped out, she was already dressed for battle. This fact impressed and pleased Zeus greatly. What's more, Athena's unusual "birth" put an end to the terrible headache Zeus had been suffering.

The stories of the ancient Greeks describe Athena as a fierce and clever warrior. She never ran away from danger and fought side-by-side with the bravest military heroes in the Trojan War. Perhaps not surprisingly, some of her symbols were tools of battle: a sharp pointed spear and a shield belonging to Zeus, known as the aegis. She was in charge of protecting the citizens of the great city that still bears her name today: Athens.

The ancient Greeks actually associated Athena with many other things besides wisdom and war. These included mathematics, arts, courage, strength, justice, law, and civilization itself. They believed Athena would inspire and favor those creating arts and crafts, especially those involved in the spinning and weaving of cloth. They even credited her with inventing the flute, although the goddess threw away the flute later because she was mocked when playing it, according to legend.

To express their gratitude and admiration, the Greeks celebrated Athena in poetry and songs, often referring to her as "grey-eyed." They even held a festival called Panathenaea in Athens every year to honor their city's protector.

In modern times, the powers of the gods may have faded, but they remain an important part of Greece's history and culture. As proof, temples dedicated to Athena can still be visited today, including the famous Parthenon. $\sqrt{\text{worship } \overline{w}^{\$}} \stackrel{\text{$\mathbb{R}}}{\text{$\mathbb{R}}} \stackrel{\text{dedicate } \underline{m}}{\text{$\mathbb{R}}}$

- 21. According to the passage, which is true about Athena?
 - (A) She was Zeus's only daughter.
 - (B) Her birth cured her father's headache.
 - (C) Her mother died while giving birth to her.
 - (D) She turned pretty as she grew into womanhood.
- 22. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
 - (A) Athena fought and won many battles.
 - (B) Athens was a city built in honor of Athena.
 - (C) Athena is associated with wisdom and war.
 - (D) Athena helped the Greeks fight the Trojan War.
- 23. According to the passage, which of the following is one of the things that the ancient Greeks praised Athena for?
 - (A) Holding festivals. (B) Inspiring mathematicians.
 - (C) Creating poetry. (D) Inventing the flute.
- 24. What is significant about Parthenon?
 - (A) It was built to honor Athena.
 - (B) It was protecting Athena.
 - (C) It was Athena's favorite structure.
 - (D) It was the oldest temple in Greece.

五、混合題 (15%)

There's no shortage of highly recognized brands that share their names with ancient figures from Greek and Roman mythology.

Nike — Nike was the Greek goddess of victory. This makes it a fitting name for a company that sells footwear to athletes and sports enthusiasts.

Amazon— Jeff Bezos, founder of Amazon, chose the name to act as a symbol of the company's vast selection of books. But the largest river of the world got its name from Greek mythology. The Amazons were a race of female warriors. One of the best known Amazon queens was Penthesilea, who took part in the Trojan War.

Hermès— Hermes was the god of trade, wealth, and luck. No doubt it's a perfect name for a brand that specializes in leather handbags. But the brand is actually named after its founder, Thierry Hermès.

Mars— Mars was the Roman god of war. Today, it's also an American global manufacturer of food products. Like Hermès, the company brand is named after the founder, Franklin Mars.

Pandora—Pandora was the first human woman created by the gods. Each god helped create her by giving her unique gifts, such as the gift of music from Apollo and the gift of curiosity from Hera. She later became known for opening Pandora's box and releasing all the evils into the world. Pandora is now a streaming music service. The founders like the story of Pandora and have made it their mission to reward those who are curious about music with a never-ending experience of discovering it.

shortage 缺少 warrior 戰士 specialize 專門從事

- __ 25. Which of the following best explains that Pandora is a fitting name for the streaming music service?
 - (A) Music is an expensive gift.
 - (B) Music is a profitable business.
 - (C) Music satisfies humans' curiosity.
 - (D) Music was Pandora's passion.
- 26. What is the main product of the company that shares its name with the god of wealth?
- 27. Why did the founder of the Amazon bookstore name his company after the Amazon river?
- 28. Which company is the one whose founder's name is associated with the ancient Roman god of war?
- 29. How can the name "Nike" encourage athletes?

六、寫作測驗 (23%)

- (A) 合併及改寫句子 (8%)
- 30. The army launched a surprise attack. That was an order from the general. (用 The general commanded that...改寫合併)
- 31. Hera didn't win the golden apple, and Athena didn't win it. The golden apple was intended for the most beautiful goddess. (用 Neither...nor...改寫,再用關係代名詞合併句子)
- (B) 整句式翻譯 (15%)
- 32. 這個疾病已經感染全世界數百萬人自從它第一次在中國爆發。
- 33. Kathy 堅持她的未來要自己決定。
- 34. 奥德修斯 (Odysseus) 所想出的計畫幫助希臘人贏得勝利, 結束了戰爭。(The idea ...)

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