

# A Quest of Freedom for Taiwan





# **W** Vocabulary / Idioms / Phrases

### 1. **freedom** [`fridəm] n. [U] 自由

- 1) Under this strict policy, people gradually came up with some thoughts about fighting for their freedom. 在嚴格的政策下,人們漸漸浮現了爭取自由的念頭。
- 2. curious [`kjurɪəs] adj. 好奇的 curiosity [kjuri`asətɪ] n. [U] 好奇心

|說明| sb be curious about sth 某人對某事很好奇 out of curiosity 出於好奇

1 David was so curious about his score of the final exam because he might be grounded if he failed.

David 很好奇他的期末考試成績,因為他如果不及格的話就可能會被禁足。

2) Pandora opened the box out of curiosity, and some terrible things happened beyond her imagination.

Pandora 出於好奇而打開了那個盒子,許多超乎她想像的壞事發生。

3. **political** [pə`lɪtɪkl] *adj*. 政治的,政治上的 politics [`palə,tɪks] n. [U] 政治,政治活動 politician [ˌpalə`tɪʃən] n. [C] 政治人物,從政者

|**說明**| political issue/status/crisis 政治議題 / 地位 / 危機

- 1) The newly-elected president had no idea how to deal with the urgent political crisis. 這個剛當選的總統不知道該如何處理這個急迫的政治危機。
- 2) During election, people are fond of talking about **politics** and make their own comments. 在大選期間,人們都很喜歡談論政治並發表他們自己的評論。
- 3 This **politician** urged the local government to reconstruct the war-torn city as soon as possible. 這名政治人物力勸當地政府盡快重建這個被戰爭摧殘的城市。

### 4. **justice** [`dʒʌstɪs] n. [U] 公平,正義

### 補充 ① social justice 社會正義

- ① Out of a sense of **justice**, Isaac decided to devote himself to helping those homeless people. 出於正義感,Isaac 決定投入幫助那些遊民的行列。
- ① Offering the underprivileged groups more resources could be seen as one of the examples of social **justice**. 提供弱勢族群更多資源可被視為社會正義的範例之一。
- 5. **consciousness** [`kanʃəsnɪs] *n*. [U] 意識,覺察 conscious [`kanʃəs] *adj*. 意識到的,覺察到的;神智清醒的,有意識的

### 說明 lose one's consciousness 某人失去意識

- ① Some of the passengers lost their **consciousness** before the plane crashed into the ocean because the speed was too fast.
  - 部分乘客在飛機墜入海洋之前就失去意識,因為速度實在太快了。
- ② Stella wasn't **conscious** that her water bottle in her backpack had been broken.

  Stella 沒有意識到她背包裡面的水瓶已經破掉了。
- ③ To the doctors' surprise, Oliver should not be **conscious** anymore after being anaesthetized. 讓醫生們感到驚訝的是, Oliver 被麻醉之後就不應該再有意識了才對。
- 6. **establish** [ɪ`stæblɪʃ] *vt.* 建立,設立 establishment [ɪ`stæblɪʃmənt] *n.* [U] 建立,設立;[C] (fml.) 企業,機構

## 補充 ① 同義相近字: build/construct/found/set up

- ① This corporation, which is one of the most influential companies in the chocolate business, was **established** in 1882.
  - 這個在巧克力業界最有影響力公司之一的企業於 1882 年設立。
- ② These earthquake victims are thankful for the **establishment** of those shelters, which help them get through the hard times.
  - 這些地震的受災戶對於避難所的設立非常感激,幫助他們度過這段困難的時間。
- ③ This couple is so depressed about their son's death, so they turn to religious **establishment** for inner peace. 這對夫妻對他們兒子的逝世非常沮喪, 因此求助於宗教機構來尋求內心的平靜。

**1** Dr. Phil played an important role in **founding** the orphanage.

Phil 博士在設立這間孤兒院上扮演著重要的角色。

### 7. active [`æktɪv] adj. 活躍的

### 補充 ① action 行為

- ② take action/measure 採取行動 / 措施
- ① Helen has been **active** in the show business since 25. Helen 從 25 歲開始就在娛樂產業裡相當活躍。
- ① Our teacher always tells us that we should be responsible for our own **actions**. 我們的老師總是告訴我們,應該要對自己的行為負責。
- 2 In order to improve the problems of aging society, the government starts to take action and encourage people to have children.

為了改善高齡化社會的問題,政府開始採取行動並鼓勵人們生小孩。

8. **democracy** [dɪ`mɑkrəsɪ] *n*. [U] 民主,民主制度 democratic [ˌdɛmə`krætɪk] *adj*. 民主的

## 說明 democratic principle/election 民主原則/選舉

① After being suppressed by the dictatorship for such a long time, citizens in this country have decided to stand out against the government in the name of **democracy**.

在被獨裁政權長期壓迫之後,這個國家的人民決定以民主之名站出來反抗政府。

- ② **Democratic** principle includes high emphasis on human rights and civic responsibilities. 民主原則包含高度強調的人權及公民責任。
- 9. **promote** [prə`mot] *vt*. 推動,促進;晉升,升遷 promotion [prə`moʃən] *n*. [C] (職位等) 晉升,升遷

# 補充 1 promotion 促銷

① As you know, Mr. Iverson is one of these people who **promotes** the project. 如你所知,Iverson 先生是推動這個計畫的那些人其中一位。

- ② Tonight, Dad will bring us to the steakhouse because he just got **promoted**. 今晚,老爸要带我們去牛排館慶祝,因為他剛剛獲得升遷。
- ③ Tony could not hide his joy and excitement when his colleagues congratulated him on the promotion. 當同事恭喜 Tony 升遷的時候,他無法隱藏住他的喜悅以及興奮。
- ① Camille keeps asking the salesperson if there is any **promotion** for the coffee machines and equipment. Camille 一直問那位業務,咖啡機和器具有沒有任何促銷。
- 10. **contest** [`kan,tɛst] *n*. [C] 競賽,比賽 contest [kən`tɛst] *vt*. 競爭,角逐

#### 補充 ① contest vt. 駁斥

- ① Samantha won first prize in the singing **contest** and found her passion for music.

  Samantha 在歌唱比賽中贏得第一名,並找到她對音樂的熱忱。
- ② Both teams are **contesting** for the championship of the national debate competition. 兩組隊伍正在角逐全國辯論比賽的冠軍。
- **1** A defense lawyer is allowed to **contest** the court decision if he can provide further evidence. 如果辯護律師可以提供更多證據的話,是可以駁斥法院判決的。
- 11. **despite** [dɪ`spaɪt] *prep*. 儘管,即使
- 說明 請留意 despite 和 in spite of 皆為介系詞,後方如有動詞,須改成動名詞 (V-ing)。
- 補充 ① 與 despite 相近的單字還有 although。
- ① **Despite** all the hard work volunteers made to save the ocean, there are still sea animals getting harmed by the water pollution.

儘管有志工們為了保護海洋所做的努力,還是有海洋動物被水汙染傷害。

- **1 Although** Toby's parents encourage him to study abroad, he decides to ignore their advice. 雖然 Toby 的父母鼓勵他出國念書,但他決定忽略掉。
- 12. generous [`dʒɛnərəs] adj. 慷慨的,大方的
- 說明 It + be + generous + of sb + to V 某人真慷慨,做了某事
- 補充 generosity n. [U] 慷慨

- ① It was generous of this successful businessman to donate a large sum of money to his alma mater. 這個成功的大企業家捐了一大筆錢給他的母校,非常慷慨。
- **1** The orphanage appreciated the **generosity** of this philanthropist donating one million dollars to help them build the library.

孤兒院非常感謝這位慈善家的慷慨解囊,捐了一百萬元來幫助他們蓋圖書館。

留	字練習題	
丰		

1. Emma is dying to win the speech	so she has practiced her speech over and
over.	
2. The clever and ambitious	used some catchy slogans to win support of the
young generation.	
3. People in this country don't have	of speech at all. They cannot criticize or
make any comments about their gove	ernment.
4. The businessman urged the airline	to fly the plane right away the fierce
typhoon outside.	
5. This church has been throwing a Chr	ristmas party for the community every year since
its in 1958.	
6. The National Palace Museum has	exhibited fascinating antiques to satisfy the
of the visitors who love C	Chinese historical dramas.
7. To healthy eating, the	cafeteria offers more kinds of vegetables and
provides both rice and brown rice.	
8 Even today only a few female leader	rs have been elected in countries

# Learn About Usage

Wherever/Whichever (+ N)/However (+ adj./adv.)/Whenever/Whatever +  $S_1 + V_1$ ,  $S_2 + V_2$  Whoever +  $V_1$ ,  $S_2 + V_2$  

無論⋯

說明 ① 本句型為複合關係副詞引導從屬子句,屬於「讓步」語氣。

wherever/whichever/however/whenever/whatever/whoever 分別譯為無論何處/無論哪個/無論多麼/無論何時/無論什麼/無論誰。

- ②此句型中的複合關係副詞皆可以用 no matter wh- 來代替 ,即 wherever = no matter where 、 whichever = no matter which 、 however = no matter how 、 whenever = no matter when 、 whatever = no matter what 。
- 例句 ① Wherever John's brother goes, John always follows him.

無論 John 的哥哥去哪裡,John 總是會跟著他。

Whichever reference book you read, you gain understanding about the theory. 無論你讀了哪本參考書,你都得以了解那個理論。

- 2 **However** cold it is, my father goes swimming in the morning.
  - = **No matter how** cold it is, my father goes swimming in the morning. 無論有多冷,我爸爸都會去晨泳。

Whenever I feel depressed, I can always call my mother and talk about my worries.

= No matter when I feel depressed, I can always call my mother and talk about my worries.

無論我何時感到沮喪,我總是可以打給我媽媽並跟她聊聊我的憂慮。

Whatever Mike said, Rachel wouldn't believe him.

= No matter what Mike said, Rachel wouldn't believe him.

無論 Mike 說了什麼, Rachel 都不會相信他。

# 小試身手

無論 Harvey 多努力工作,他的老闆仍然不滿意他的表現。				
, hi	is boss is not satisfied with his performance.			
無論我說什麼,都無法改變我朋友的心	<b>沙意。</b>			

- 2 S + V + (that)-clause and that-clause (that 子句作受詞,第二個 that 不省略)
- 說明 ① 本句型說明當對等連接詞 and 連接兩個以上的 that 子句作受詞時,第一個 that 可以省略,第二個以及之後的 that 則絕對不可省略。

- ② 辨義:若第二個 that 要省略,意思會不同。因為當第二個 that 省略後,第二個子句就會變成一個獨立子句,也就是變成用 and 來連接兩個獨立子句。
- **例句** ① Dona told me (that) she just got promoted **and that** her family would celebrate with her later. Dona 跟我說她剛得到升遷,而且她的家人晚點會跟她一起慶祝。 Rachel believes (that) she will get into Harvard Law School one day **and that** her parents will be proud of her.

Rachel 相信她有一天可以進入哈佛法學院就讀,而且她的父母都會以她為榮。

- ② Mike thinks (that) he can figure out a way to prove his innocence **and that** his lawyer will help him with it. (**Mike** 認為兩件事:(1)他會想出證明自己無辜的方法。(2)他的律師會幫助他。此時 **and** 對等兩個 **that** 名詞子句,同樣為 **think** 的受詞。) Mike 認為他可以找到辦法來證明他的清白,也認為他的律師將會幫他。
  - ≠ Mike thinks (that) he can figure out a way to prove his innocence **and** his lawyer will help him with it. (**Mike** 只認為一件事:他會想出證明自己無辜的方法,但沒有認為「他的律師會幫助他」;此時 **and** 對等兩個獨立子句,第二個子句不是 **think** 的受詞。)

Mike 認為他可以找到辦法來證明他的清白,而他的律師將會幫他。

# 小試身手

3 6 7/3 3	
1. 老師提到期末報告將於	《下週一截止,也提到她不會接受遲交。
The teacher	the deadline for the term paper was due next Monday
she would	n't accept any late submission.
2. Robert 記得他有鎖門然	《後鄰居和他說再見。

- 3 with + O + OC (p.p.) 主要子句「附帶的狀況」
- 說明 ① 此處介紹過去分詞 (p.p.) 的結構,用來表達當 O 與 OC 為被動關係。
  - ② 在此句型中,若欲表示否定,可以使用 without。
- 例句 ① Rachel stayed up late studying the case with notes and documents piled up on her desk. (文件是被堆積的,因此用 p.p. 當補語。)

Rachel 熬夜研究這個案子,她的桌上堆疊著筆記和文件。

The kids smiled at their mother with the homework done and toys collected in the box. (功課是被做的,玩具是被收起來的,故使用  $\mathbf{p.p.}$  當補語。)

孩子們微笑著看向他們的媽媽,功課都做完了,玩具也都收進盒子裡了。

② The minister left without a single comment made.

首相一句評論都沒有說,就這樣離開了。

Mandy left home without the dishes done. Mandy 碗都還沒有洗,就出門了。

## 小試身手

- 1. Louis 生氣地離開辦公室,桌上留著辭職信。
  Louis left the office angrily a resignation letter on the desk.
- 2. Katrina 手上拿著一束花拜訪她的朋友。

# 4 It + be + adj. + that + S + V (虛主詞 it 代替 that 子句)

- 說明 ① 此句型在學習使用 it 當虛主詞來代替後方的 that 子句,這個句型中的 that 子句為名詞子句。使用時機往往是 that 子句較長,若放在句首當主詞,句子會呈現頭重腳輕的狀況, 因此借用 it 虛主詞。 其中 that 可以省略。 而 adj. 是主詞補語用來形容that 子句。
  - ② 若文章中為了語意的連結,不使用虛主詞時,要注意此時 that 不能省略。
- 例句 ① Mike is a lawyer with a heavy work load. It is not surprising (that) he always works late.

(It 代替 that he always works late; not surprising 修飾 that he always works late。)

Mike 是位工作量很大的律師。他總是工作到那麼晚其實並不意外。

Jessica always favors Harvey's opinion over Louis's. It is obvious (that) she has a problem with Louis. (It 代替 that she has a problem with Louis; obvious 修飾 that she has a problem with Louis。)

Jessica 總是比較贊同 Harvey 的意見勝過於 Louis 的。她對 Louis 有意見。

② People are talking about who ate the cake in the kitchen last night. Some said that Katrina, who was there last night, should be responsible. **That** Katrina was

there at that time is certain. However, that doesn't mean that she ate the cake. (that 名詞子句放句首時,that 不能省略。)

大家在討論到底誰昨晚吃了放在廚房的蛋糕。有人說 Katrina 昨晚一直在那邊,應該要負責任。Katrina 在那邊是沒錯,不過那並不代表她吃了蛋糕。

## 小試身手

奇怪的是,那小男孩獨自在街上遊走而沒有父母陪在身邊。
the little boy wanders on the street alone without his parents
accompanying him.
你總是把音樂放得很大聲,這很惱人。

# 5 S + V + until + N/S + V 直到…時,到…為止

- **說明** ① until 表示某動作或狀態「一直持續到某個時間」。後方可只加一個名詞表示時間點, 也可接子句表達某事發生的時間點。
  - ② 要注意主要子句的動詞或形容詞通常為可持續的狀態,而非「短暫一瞬間的動作 (非延續性動詞)」,例如 open、close、finish、begin、come、go、arrive、reach 等。
- **例句** ① I lived in Taipei **until** 1992. (**until** 後方接年份,為一名詞。)

直到 1992 年我都住在臺北。

We waited in the hall  $\mathbf{until}$  the rain stopped. ( $\mathbf{until}$  後方接子句 ,表示兩停的時候。) 我們在走廊等到雨停。

② The ticket is valid **until** the end of the month.

直到這個月底之前,這張票都有效。

The baby cried **until** the mother hugged him.

直到媽媽抱他之前,這個小嬰兒一直在哭。

My friend opened the window **until** midnight.  $(\times)$ 

(主要子句中的 open 打開為非延續性動詞,不能與 until 連用。)

直到半夜之前,我朋友一直把窗戶打開著。

### 小試身手

那位歌手一直唱到布幕垂下。

The singer sang the curtain fell.

John 一直睡到學校鐘聲響起。

# **A** Paragraph Writing

### 範文

Freedom is important. It is necessary for people to lead an equal life in a society. That's what Martin Luther King Jr., Mohandas Gandhi, and Nelson Mandela pursued. Despite the harsh challenges they faced, they still promoted the concept of democracy with heart and soul. People in their countries did not enjoy the right of freedom until they successfully had their political systems changed. They showed that freedom is important and that people in their countries have equal rights because of their hard work.

In school, we are granted a limited freedom under the school rules. Every school establishes its own student parliament where students can express themselves freely and discuss issues related to their school life. Leaders of the parliament are mostly voted by students. The voting process is one of political events which we can learn how to be a civilian in a democratic society. With a strong sense of justice, numerous leaders do their best to raise students' consciousness of democracy. Whichever school these leaders are in, their active involvement in democracy indeed has a significant impact on students' rights.

### ▶寫什麼?

根據主題思考寫作的概念,每段聚焦一個重點即可。本篇範文第一段提到馬丁· 路德、甘地、曼德拉為了人民自由而努力。第二段說明學校中都有學生議會,學 生有權在議會中表達想法。

### >如何寫?

### 1. A sentence contains a subject and a verb. (S + V)

## 2. The Writing Genres

英文作文通常分成四種文體:說明文、記敘文、論說文、描述文。另外還有期刊式的文體,主要是針對某一主題傳達個人想法或專業意見。

### 3. Adverbial Clauses of Concession

本課的讓步副詞子句介紹「無論/不管」的用法,句型為 wh-ever  $+S_1 + V_1, S_2 + V_2 \dots$ 。範文中 Whichever school these leaders are in, their active involvement in democracy indeed has a significant impact on students' rights. 即是表達「無論這些學生議會的領導者在哪間學校,他們主動參與民主對學生權利有著重大影響」。

### 4. S + V + (that)-clause and that-clause

同一句中,由兩個 that 帶出兩個名詞子句當受詞時,第二個名詞子句的 that 不可省略。 範文中 They showed (that) freedom is important and that people in their countries have equal rights because of their hard work 的第一個 that 可省略,但第二個 that 不可省略。

# ▶完成段落後,要記得√

☐ Check every sentence contains a subject and a v	erb.
☐ Check the tense(s).	
☐ Check the spelling.	

#### **Your Turn**

請以 Freedom 為題,寫下你的想法。

♦ What does freedom mean to you?

♦ Search for famous people who strove for freedom on the internet and briefly write					
down what they did.					
♦ Please write down your two topic sentences for each paragraph.					
Paragraph 1:					
Paragraph 2:					
Try it!					
記得使用上面的想法來完成你/妳的寫作喔!文長至少 120 個單詞 (words),文分					
兩段。					

# **≪** Let's Try It! **≫**

# I. 單字 / 文法選擇 ※※※

 1. The government	has spared no effo	rt to stop drug ab	use in schools since
teenagers usually became		about drugs.	
(A) curious	(B) appealing	(C) fatal	(D) conscious
 2. Oscar is considere	ed a pers	son for the donation	to the neighborhood
and helping them	build a school.		
(A) skillful	(B) generous	(C) multiple	(D) harsh
 3. In the final episod	e of the reality show	v, only 4 competitor	rs stay to
for the title of the	best singer.		
(A) contest	(B) campaign	(C) urge	(D) strike
 4. We usually avoid	talking about any	topics	with people we first
meet in order not t	to cause unnecessary	trouble.	
(A) permanent	(B) technological	(C) political	(D) multiple
 5. India's 2019 gene	eral election, with o	ver 600 million peo	pple taking parting in
the vote, was the l	argest exercise of _	in its hist	ory.
(A)establishment	(B) promotion	(C) celebration	(D) democracy
 6. The beautiful gar	den filled with plu	m blossom trees in	n the university was
named	the very first princ	ipal.	
(A) in the fact of		(B) in honor of	
(C) in addition to		(D) in comparison	with
 7. " the	victim wore sunscr	een in the evening	," said the detective
after he checked th	ne body.		
(A) Because it is u	inusual	(B) Being unusual	
(C) It is unusual th	nat	(D) However unus	sual
 8. The girl who was	s frightened by the	thunder was so at	fraid that she stayed
awake until	·		
(A) the end of the	storm	(B) the storm endi	ng
(C) ended the stor	m	(D) ending the sto	rm

9. It was a dil	emma for Jimmy beca	nuse on the same of	lay, he discovered his		
younger sister had a crush on his best friend, Mike and Mike					
actually loves boys.					
$(A) \times$	(B) which	(C), which	(D) that		
10. Supermode	ls confidently walked o	n the runway with the	heir bodies		
in golden li	ght.				
(A) to bath	(B) bath	(C) bathing	(D) bathed		
11. Rumor has	it that it always rains	the sin	nger holds her concert		
outdoors.					
(A) where	(B) in which	(C) whenever	(D) wherever		
12. To find a	better job, Dustin thi	nks that he has to	improve his English		
	a higher degree.				
(A), which	he needs to get	(B) and that he r	needs to get		
(C) and he	needs to get	(D) that he need	s to get		
I. 看圖單字 / 文法	句型練習 ⋙				
	13. A: Sir, check, please	2.			
	B: It's on me.				
	A: No way! Anythir	: No way! Anything good happened?			
	B: Actually, I got _	this mor	rning. I've become the		
	manager in charg	e of the department.			
	14. A: It is nice of Ms.	Holt that she baked	such delicious cookies		
	for the kids.				
6 8 11 6 6	B: Yes, she is alv	vaysto	the children in the		
	kindergarten. I re	emember she bough	at gifts to every kid on		
	Christmas.				
	A: She is the best p	rincipal I have ever	met. She even spends		

her time after work just for telling a story to the kids.



15. Mrs. Tang still lives an \_\_\_\_\_ life after she retired. She practices Tai Chi in the morning, learns French in the afternoon, and teaches flower arrangement after she prepares dinner for her family.



16. If Peter, whose real identity is Spider-Man, had had a sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_, he wouldn't have allowed the robber to escape, which later caused the death of his uncle.



17. A: Doctor, how is my husband?

B: We surly did our best ...

A: (Crying) No! It can't be true! My dear, how can I live without you?

B: Ma'am, please calm down! I'm trying to say that we surely did our best so your husband now regains .

# Ⅲ. 單字 / 片語 / (文法) 句型造句題 ◇◇◇◇

#### 18. freedom:

M College students usually have freedom to spend their time choosing what they want to learn.

#### 19. establish:

Mational Taiwan University, originally named Taihoku Imperial University, was established in 1928 during Japanese rule.

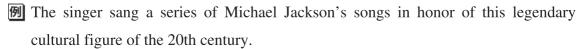
 $\rightarrow$ 

#### 20. despite:

Garlic is believed to benefit the health, despite its spicy flavor and strong smell.

 $\rightarrow$ 

21	l i	n h	Λn	۸r	of:
7.1			<b>C)</b>		



 $\rightarrow$ 

# 22. Wherever/Whichever (+ N)/However (+ adj./adv.)/Whenever/Whatever + $S_1$ + $V_1$ , $S_2$ + $V_2$ :

M However strong our opponents are, we still have to do our best during the competition.

23. S + V + (that)-clause and that-clause:

Most of people hope that they can be considered important to other people's eye and that they can be complimented by others.

 $\rightarrow$ 

24. It + be + adj. + that + S + V:

It is unbelievable that the superstar with youthful appearance is actually over forty and has three children.

ightarrow

25. S + V + until + N/S + V:

Peggy promised that she would wait for Rick until he obtained the PhD, and she really kept her word and married him after he graduated.

ightarrow